

## Key Sample-2 (Page 1 of 2)

**A\* SEARCH: S -> G**

Expanded	Search Fringe (g+h=f)
S	H(6+6=12), B(10+6=16), E(10+7=17)
H	D(7+6=13), G(14+0=14), F(13+2=15), B(10+6=16), E(10+7=17)
D	G(14+0=14), J(13+1=14), F(13+2=15), B(10+6=16), E(10+7=17) C(17+6=23)
G	[]
	Solution path: S -> H -> G

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Question 2: Alpha-Beta Minimax

A=13

B=13

C=12

D=14

E=13

F=12

H=10

I=14

J=4

K=13

L=12

M=4

N=12

O=14

Pruned Nodes: G, N, O

Question 3: Decision Tree

Information Gain Computations:

Node: Outlook

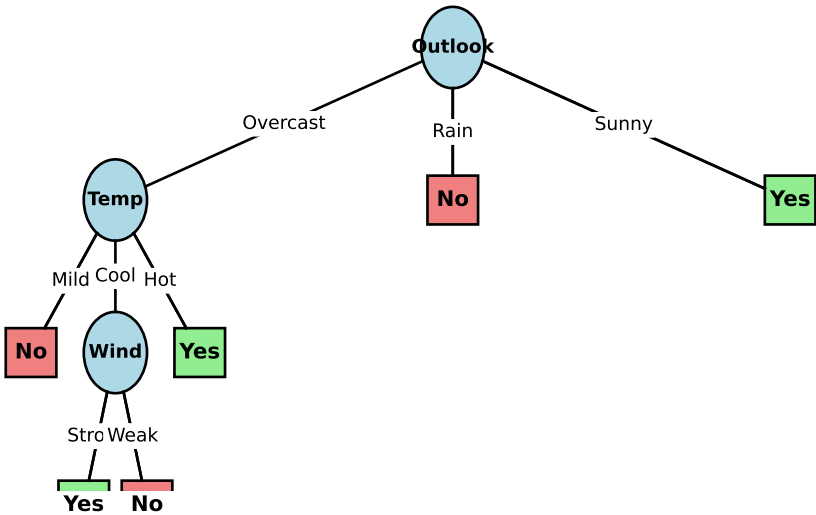
- ✓ Outlook: 0.5000
- Wind: 0.0488
- Temp: 0.0000

Node: Temp

- ✓ Temp: 0.5000
- Wind: 0.0000

Node: Wind

- ✓ Wind: 1.0000



Question 4: First-Order Logic Translation

Predicates: Book(x), Author(x, x), Popular(x), Reads(x, x)

a. English to First-Order Logic:

1. Popular books are read by many people.

Solution:  $\forall x (Popular(x) \wedge Book(x) \Rightarrow \exists y Reads(y, x))$

2. People who read books by the same author like similar books.

Solution:  $\forall x \forall y \forall z (Reads(x, y) \wedge Reads(x, z) \wedge Book(y) \wedge Book(z) \wedge \exists w (Author(y, w) \wedge Author(z, w)) \Rightarrow \exists v (Reads(x, v) \wedge Book(v)))$

3. Every book has an author.

Solution:  $\forall x (Book(x) \Rightarrow \exists y Author(x, y))$

b. First-Order Logic to English:

1.  $\forall x (Book(x) \Rightarrow \exists y (Author(x, y) \wedge Popular(y)))$

Solution: Every book has an author who is popular.

2.  $\exists x (Book(x) \wedge \forall y (Reads(y, x) \Rightarrow Popular(x)))$

Solution: There exists a book such that if anyone reads it, then that book is popular.

3.  $\forall x \forall y (Book(x) \wedge Author(x, y) \Rightarrow \exists z (Reads(z, x) \wedge \exists w (Book(w) \wedge Author(w, y) \wedge Reads(z, w))))$

Solution: For every book and its author, there exists someone who reads the book and also reads another book by the same author.