Key Sample-5 (Page 1 of 2)

A* SEARCH: S -> G

Expanded	Search Fringe (g+h=f)
S	C(4+3=7), B(6+4=10), J(2+8=10), K(7+5=12), I(10+7=17)
С	B(6+4=10), G(10+0=10), J(2+8=10), H(5+6=11), K(7+5=12) $I(10+7=17)$
В	B(6+4=10), J(2+8=10), G(10+0=10), H(5+6=11), K(7+5=12) I(10+7=17), F(11+7=18)
G	[]
	Solution path: S -> C -> G

Key Sample-5 (Page 2 of 2)

Question 2: Alpha-Beta Minimax A=9

B=9 C=9

D=9 E=9 F=9

H=4 I=9 J=9 K=12 L=7 M=9 N=6 O=5

Pruned Nodes: G, K, N, O

Question 3: Decision Tree Information Gain Computations:

Node: Outlook

Outlook: 0.5000
Temp: 0.3444
Wind: 0.1887

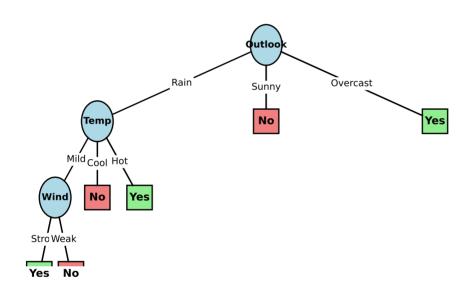
Node: Temp

✓ Temp: 0.5000

Wind: 0.3113

Node: Wind

✓ Wind: 1.0000



Question 4: First-Order Logic Translation

Predicates: Company(x), Employee(x), WorksFor(x, x), Manager(x)

a. English to First-Order Logic:

1. Every company has at least one employee.

Solution: $\forall x \ (Company(x) \Rightarrow \exists y \ (Employee(y) \land WorksFor(y, x)))$

2. Managers work for companies that have other managers.

Solution: $\forall x \ (Employee(x) \land Manager(x) \Rightarrow \exists y \ (Company(y) \land WorksFor(x, y) \land \exists z \ (Employee(z) \land Manager(z) \land WorksFor(z, y) \land \neg(x=z))))$

3. There is a company where all employees are managers.

Solution: $\exists x \ (Company(x) \land \forall y \ (Employee(y) \land WorksFor(y, x) \Rightarrow Manager(y)))$

b. First-Order Logic to English:

- 1. $\forall x \ (Company(x) \Rightarrow \exists y \ (Employee(y) \land WorksFor(y, x) \land Manager(y)))$ Solution: Every company has at least one employee who is a manager.
- 2. ∃x (Employee(x) ∧ Manager(x) ∧ ∀y (Company(y) ∧ WorksFor(x, y) ⇒ Manager(x)))

 Solution: There exists a manager such that if they work for any company, then they are a manager.
- 3. ∀x ∀y (Employee(x) ∧ Company(y) ∧ WorksFor(x, y) → ∃z (Employee(z) ∧ WorksFor(z, y) ∧ ¬(x=z)))

 Solution: For every employee working for a company, there exists another employee working for the same company.